

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT,

ERNAKULAM

Date: 10-03-2026  
(SPECIAL CAMPAIGN)

PRESENT: SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR-II,  
PRESIDING OFFICER

APPEAL No. 22/2022

BETWEEN

Wayanad District SC/ST Motor Transport  
Co-operative Society, Mananthavady.P.O  
Wayanad District- 670 645

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I Party / Appellant

AND

1. Chief Executive Officer  
Central Board of Trustees  
EPFO, Bhavishyanadhi Bhavan  
14, Bhikaji Cama Palace  
New Delhi-110066

...

II Party / Respondent

2. The Assistant Provident Fund Commissioner,  
Employees Provident Fund Organization,  
Sub Regional Office,  
P.B. No.1806, Eranjipalam P.O.,  
Kozhikode-673 006.

Appearance

For the Appellant

Adv. Hashir.K.M

For the Respondent

Adv. (Dr.) Abraham P. Meachinkara

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This appeal has been filed by the Appellant against Order No.  
KR/KKD/11557/Enf-2(3)/Damages/2021-22/3217 dated 02.11.2021 of the Assistant

Provident Fund Commissioner, Kozhikode by which damages amounting to Rs. 1,87,881/- was levied against appellant under Section 14B of the Act.

2. The Appellant stated that assessment is made at high point without assigning any reason to impose maximum amount of damages.

3. As per the provisions of Section 14B, there are three ingredients.

A. There must be default on the part of the employer in payment of any contribution to the fund payment of any charge.

B. The Authorised Officer may recover from the employer (by way of penalty such damages) not exceeding an amount of arrears for such damages, and

C. Limit of amount not to exceed arrears.

4. These were three ingredients specified that there must be some due payable to the employer and the Authorized Officer may recover it not exceeding the amount of arrears. Thus, Section 14B of the Act is enabling provision and does not envisage any compulsion to levy damages in all cases up to a maximum limit. Before levy of damages, on the given circumstances must be considered by the authority before imposing damages.

5. Having gone through the record and after hearing upon the parties, it appears that the Respondent authority has imposed maximum penalty without assigning any plausible reasons.

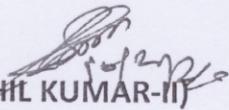
**ORDER**

Therefore, in view of the statements made by both the parties and considering the facts of the present case, it is appropriate to waive 30% of the amount of damages assessed by the Respondent. Ordered accordingly.

Record be consigned to the record room.

Place : Ernakulam  
Date: 10-03-2026



  
(SUSHIL KUMAR-II)  
Presiding Officer